# IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, in this application.

1. (previously presented) A transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in its endogenous melusin gene, wherein said mouse lacks expression of endogenous melusin, and wherein said mouse, after being subjected to a hypertensive condition, develops at least a phenotype selected from the group consisting of impaired heart hypertrophy, heart dilation, and heart failure.

### Claims 2-7 (canceled)

- (currently amended) The transgenic mouse according to claim 1, <u>wherein</u>
  <del>characterized in that</del>-said hypertensive condition is induced by surgical operation.
- (currently amended) The transgenic mouse according to claim 8, wherein eharacterized in that said surgical operation consists of surgical constriction of the transverse aorta.
- (currently amended) The transgenic mouse according to claim 1, <u>wherein</u> characterized in that said hypertensive condition is induced by pharmacological treatment.
- 11. (currently amended) The transgenic mouse according to claim 1, wherein characterized in that said hypertensive condition is induced by high sodium diet.
- 12. (previously presented) The transgenic mouse according to claim 1, wherein said mouse develops at least impaired heart hypertrophy.
- 13. (previously presented) The transgenic mouse according to claim 1, wherein said mouse develops at least heart dilation.

- 14. (previously presented) The transgenic mouse according to claim 1, wherein said mouse develops at least heart failure.
- 15. (previously presented) The transgenic mouse according to claim 10, wherein said pharmacological treatment is administration of hypertensive drugs.

#### Claim 16 (canceled)

- 17. (previously presented) The transgenic mouse according to claim 1, wherein said mouse belongs to the 129SV, C57BI or 129SVxC57BI strain.
- 18. (currently amended) A method of selecting a compound that is pharmacologically active in the prevention of heart failure, said method comprising:
- i) administering compounds to the transgenic mouse according to claim 1,
- ii) inducing a hypertensive condition in said mouse, and
- selecting a compound that is pharmacologically active in the prevention of heart failure.
- 19. (currently amended) A method of studying a heart pathology, said method comprising:
- exposing the transgenic mouse according to claim 1 to hypertensive conditions and
- ii) studying development of a heart pathology in said mouse, wherein said heart pathology is selected from the group consisting of heart failure, congestive heart failure, dilated cardiomyopathy, hypertensive cardiomyopathy, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, and heart infarct.
- 20. (previously presented) Cells obtained from the transgenic mouse according to claim 1.

#### Claims 21-22 (canceled)

- 23. (currently amended) A method of selecting a compound that is pharmacologically active in the prevention of heart failure, said method comprising:
- i) administering compounds to the cells according to claim 20.
- ii) inducing a hypertensive condition in said cells, and
- iii) selecting a compound that is pharmacologically active in the prevention of heart failure
- 24. (previously presented) A method of producing a transgenic mouse comprising a disruption in its endogenous melusin gene, wherein said mouse lacks expression of endogenous melusin, and wherein said mouse after being subjected to a hypertensive condition, develops at least a phenotype selected from the group consisting of impaired heart hypertrophy, heart dilation, and heart failure, said method comprising:
- disrupting by homologous recombination the gene encoding melusin in a mouse embryonic stem (ES) cell,
- (b) injecting said ES cell into a mouse blastocyst,
- implanting said blastocyst into the uterus of a foster mother mouse to generate a chimeric embryo,
- (d) obtaining a chimeric mouse which has germ line cells comprising a disrupted gene encoding melusin from said chimeric embryo,
- (e) breeding said chimeric mouse with a different mouse strain, and
- selecting a male transgenic mouse comprising disruption of the gene encoding melusin.
- 25. (previously presented) The method according to claim 24, further comprising breeding said male transgenic mouse with a female transgenic mouse comprising a heterozygous or homozygous disruption in its endogenous melusin gene, and selecting a homozygous female mouse comprising disrupted genes encoding melusin.

## Claims 26-42 (canceled)

- 43. (previously presented) A method of selecting a compound that is pharmacologically active in the treatment of heart failure, said method comprising:
- i) inducing a hypertensive condition in the transgenic mouse according to claim 1,
- ii) administering compounds to said mouse, and
- selecting a compound that is pharmacologically active in the treatment of heart failure.
- 44. (previously presented) A method of selecting a compound that is pharmacologically active in the treatment of heart failure, said method comprising:
- i) inducing a hypertensive condition in the cells according to claim 20,
- ii) administering compounds to the said cells, and
- selecting a compound that is pharmacologically active in the treatment of heart failure.